FORM APPROVED
OMB NO.0920-0004



INVESTIGATION OF A FOODBORNE OUTBREAK

This form is used to report foodborne disease outbreak investigations to CDC. A foodborne outbreak is defined as the occurrence of **two or more cases** of a similar illness resulting from the ingestion of a common food in the United States. This form has **two** parts: Part 1 asks for the minimum data needed and Part 2 asks for additional information. For this investigation to be counted in the CDC annual summary, Part 1 must be completed. **We encourage you to complete as much of Part 1 and Part 2 as you can.**

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CDC USE ONLY

STATE USE ONLY

Part 1: Required Information

1. Location of Exposure: State:	Date of I	es: It case became ill: Irirst known exposure: ast known exposure: Send epidemic curve, i	Month ——— Month	_/_	/ Day/ Day/ Day	Year Year Year Year	3. Numbers of Cases Exposed: Lab-confirmed cases: (A) Probable cases: (B) Estimated total ill: (If greater than sum of A+B)
4. Approximate Percentage of Cases in Each Age Group: <1 year:% 20-49 yrs:% 1-4 yrs:% ≥ 50 yrs:% 5-19 yrs:%	: %	5. Sex: (Estimated percent of total case Male:	es) _ %		Interviews investigat Case-con Cohort str Food prep	s of cases only iion trol study	(Check all that apply) ☐ Factory or production plant ☐ Source investigation (farm, marine estuary, etc.) ☐ Environment / food sample cultures
7. Implicated Food(s): (based of Reasons listed in Item 15 on page 3) Could not be determined			virulence are defir nined ology	e fact	tors, molec n MMWR 1	ular fingerprinting. 996 / Vol. 45 / ss- e (if avail.) Isolated/identii	nclude specific details on toxin or organism, antibiogram, metabolic profile. Criteria for 5 / Appendix B.) Other Characteristics fied from (check all that apply): t specimen(s) specimen(s) nment specimen(s) worker specimen(s)
9. Contributing Factors: (See Contributing Factors unknown Contamination Factor: C1 C2 C3 C3 C10 C11 C12 C3 Proliferation/Amplification Factor (back of Carlo C1) Proliferation C11 C12 C4 Proliferation C11 C12 C4 Proliferation C11 C12 C5 Proliferation C11 C12 C6 P1 C12 C3 P2 C3 C5 Was food-worker implicated as the salf yes, please check only one of for laboratory and epidemiologic evidence (w/o laboratory and epidemiologic collaboratory and epidemiologic collaboratory and epidemiologic collaboratory and epidemiologic collaboratory and epidemiologic evidence (w/o epidemiologic collaboratory and epidemiologic collaboratory collab	cterial outl 4	C5	7	I C8 I P8 I N/A	□ C9 s) □ N/A □ P9	Contact Per NAME: TITLE: PHONE NO: FAX NO: E-MAIL: Date of cor Month Initial Re Updated Final Re Addition	mpletion of this form:

Comments:

This questionnaire is authorized by law (Public Health Service Act, 42 USC §241). Although response to the questions asked is voluntary, cooperation of the patient is necessary for the study and control of disease. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to PHS Reports Clearance Officer; Rm 721-H, Humphrey Bg; 200 Independence Ave. SW; Washington, DC 20201; ATTN: PRA, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

The following codes are to be used to fill out Part 1 (question 9) and Part 2 (question 15).

Contamination Factors:1

- C1 Toxic substance part of tissue (e.g., ciguatera)
- C2 Poisonous substance intentionally added (e.g., cyanide or phenolphthalein added to cause illness)
- C3 Poisonous or physical substance accidentally/incidentally added (e.g., sanitizer or cleaning compound)
- C4 Addition of excessive quantities of ingredients that are toxic under these situations (e.g., niacin poisoning in bread)
- C5 Toxic container or pipelines (e.g., galvanized containers with acid food, copper pipe with carbonated beverages)
- C6 Raw product/ingredient contaminated by pathogens from animal or environment (e.g., *Salmonella enteriditis* in egg, Norwalk in shellfish, *E. coli* in sprouts)
- C7 Ingestion of contaminated raw products (e.g., raw shellfish, produce, eggs)
- C8 Obtaining foods from polluted sources (e.g., shellfish)
- C9 Cross-contamination from raw ingredient of animal origin (e.g., raw poultry on the cutting board)
- C10 Bare-handed contact by handler/worker/preparer (e.g., with ready-to-eat food)
- C11 Glove-handed contact by handler/worker/preparer (e.g., with ready-to-eat food)
- C12 Handling by an infected person or carrier of pathogen (e.g., Staphylococcus, Salmonella, Norwalk agent)
- C13 Inadequate cleaning of processing/preparation equipment/utensils leads to contamination of vehicle (e.g., cutting boards)
- C14 Storage in contaminated environment leads to contamination of vehicle (e.g., store room, refrigerator)
- C15 Other source of contamination (please describe in Comments)

Proliferation/Amplification Factors:1

- P1 Allowing foods to remain at room or warm outdoor temperature for several hours (e.g., during preparation or holding for service)
- P2 Slow cooling (e.g., deep containers or large roasts)
- P3 Inadequate cold-holding temperatures (e.g., refrigerator inadequate/not working, iced holding inadequate)
- P4 Preparing foods a half day or more before serving (e.g., banquet preparation a day in advance)
- P5 Prolonged cold storage for several weeks (e.g., permits slow growth of psychrophilic pathogens)
- P6 Insufficient time and/or temperature during hot holding (e.g., malfunctioning equipment, too large a mass of food)
- P7 Insufficient acidification (e.g., home canned foods)
- P8 Insufficiently low water activity (e.g., smoked/salted fish)
- P9 Inadequate thawing of frozen products (e.g., room thawing)
- P10 Anaerobic packaging/Modified atmosphere (e.g., vacuum packed fish, salad in gas flushed bag)
- P11 Inadequate fermentation (e.g., processed meat, cheese)
- P12 Other situations that promote or allow microbial growth or toxic production (please describe in Comments)

Survival Factors:1

- S1 Insufficient time and/or temperature during cooking/heat processing (e.g., roasted meats/poultry, canned foods, pasteurization)
- S2 Insufficient time and/or temperature during reheating (e.g., sauces, roasts)
- S3 Inadequate acidification (e.g., mayonnaise, tomatoes canned)
- S4 Insufficient thawing, followed by insufficient cooking (e.g., frozen turkey)
- S5 Other process failures that permit the agent to survive (please describe in Comments)

Method of Preparation:²

- M1 Foods eaten raw or lightly cooked (e.g., hard shell clams, sunny side up eggs)
- M2 Solid masses of potentially hazardous foods (e.g., casseroles, lasagna, stuffing)
- M3 Multiple foods (e.g., smorgasbord, buffet)
- M4 Cook/serve foods (e.g., steak, fish fillet)
- M5 Natural toxicant (e.g., poisonous mushrooms, paralytic shellfish poisoning)
- M6 Roasted meat/poultry (e.g., roast beef, roast turkey)
- M7 Salads prepared with one or more cooked ingredients (e.g., macaroni, potato, tuna)
- M8 Liquid or semi-solid mixtures of potentially hazardous foods (e.g., gravy, chili, sauce)
- M9 Chemical contamination (e.g., heavy metal, pesticide)
- M10 Baked goods (e.g., pies, eclairs)
- M11 Commercially processed foods (e.g., canned fruits and vegetables, ice cream)
- M12 Sandwiches (e.g., hot dog, hamburger, Monte Cristo)
- M13 Beverages (e.g., carbonated and non-carbonated, milk)
- M14 Salads with raw ingredients (e.g., green salad, fruit salad)
- M15 Other, does not fit into above categories (please describe in Comments)
- M16 Unknown, vehicle was not identified
- ¹ Frank L. Bryan, John J. Guzewich, and Ewen C. D. Todd. Surveillance of Foodborne Disease III. Summary and Presentation of Data on Vehicles and Contributory Factors; Their Value and Limitations. Journal of Food Protection, 60; 6:701-714, 1997.
- ² Weingold, S. E., Guzewich JJ, and Fudala JK. Use of foodborne disease data for HACCP risk assessment. Journal of Food Protection, 57: 9:820-830, 1994.

Part 2: Additional Information (Please complete as much as possible)										
11. Numbers of: OUTCOME / SYMPTOM	Cases with Outcome /	Total cases for whom you have information available	12. Incubat	Amon	13. Duration of Acute Illness Among Those Who Recovered: (circle appropriate units)					
Healthcare Provider Visit Hospitalization	Symptom		`	(Hours, day	s) Sho	rtest: gest: lian:	(Hours, days) (Hours, days)			
Death			□ Unknown		ΠU	☐ Unknown				
Vomiting										
Diarrhea			* Use the following terms, if appropriate, to describe other common							
Bloody stools				characteristics of cases:						
Feverish				anaphylaxis descendir			ng paralysis myalgia			
Abdominal cramps * * *			arthralgia bradycard bullous s lesions bradycard cough coma diplopia	dia heada kin hemo sync	ache llytic uremic drome (HUS) ension g ice	e (HUS) tachycardia				
14. If Cohort Investigation Conducted: Event-specific Attack Rate =/										
Name of Food Main Ingredients					(see below)	Method of Preparation (see list on page 2)				
e.g., lasagna	pasta, sauce	e, eggs, beef	eggs	eggs 4		M1				
☐ Food vehicle could not be	determined		•		•					
Reason Suspected (choose all that apply): 1 - Statistical evidence from epidemiological investigation 2 - Laboratory evidence (e.g., identification of agent in food) 3 - Compelling supportive information 4 - Other data (e.g., same phage type found on farm that supplied eggs) 5 - Specific evidence lacking but prior experience makes this likely source										
16. Where was Food Prepared? (Check all that apply)				17. Where wa	s Food Eate	en? (Che	eck all that apply)			
☐ Restaurant or deli ☐ Day care center ☐ School ☐ Church, temple, etc. ☐ Camp ☐ Caterer ☐ Grocery store ☐ Hospital ☐ Workplace cafeteria ☐ Nursing home	service urther	☐ Restaurant ☐ Day care co ☐ School ☐ Church, ter ☐ Camp ☐ Grocery Sto ☐ Hospital ☐ Workplace	enter mple, etc. ore	□ Prison, jail □ Private home etc. □ Picnic □ Fair, festival, or mobile location □ Other (please describe)						
18. Other Available Info ☐ Unpublished agency report (please attach) ☐ Epi-Aid ☐ Publication (please reference) ☐ Not available	ort	19. Remarks: Bri	-	-			ot covered above nomic impact, etc.)			

State Health Departments: Please FAX this document to Biostatistics and Information Branch, DBMD, CDC, at (404) 639-2780.